



# Nearshore physics

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## Covered in this lecture:

- Shallow water source terms and their scaling
- Depth-induced breaking
- Bottom friction
- Wave-current interaction, nonlinear corrections
- Nonlinear three-wave interactions
- Other processes and approaches
- Multi-scale modeling

# Action balance equation



$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial t} + \nabla_{\vec{x}} \cdot [(\vec{c}_g + \vec{U})N] + \frac{\partial c_\sigma N}{\partial \sigma} + \frac{\partial c_\theta N}{\partial \theta} = \frac{S_{tot}}{\sigma} , \quad N = E(\sigma, \theta)/\sigma$$

$$S_{tot} = S_{in} + S_{wc} + S_{nl4} + S_{bot} + S_{brk} + S_{nl3} + S_{xx}$$

$$\frac{d\vec{x}}{dt} = \vec{c}_g + \vec{U} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + \frac{2kd}{\sinh 2kd} \right] \frac{\sigma \vec{k}}{k^2} + \vec{U} ,$$

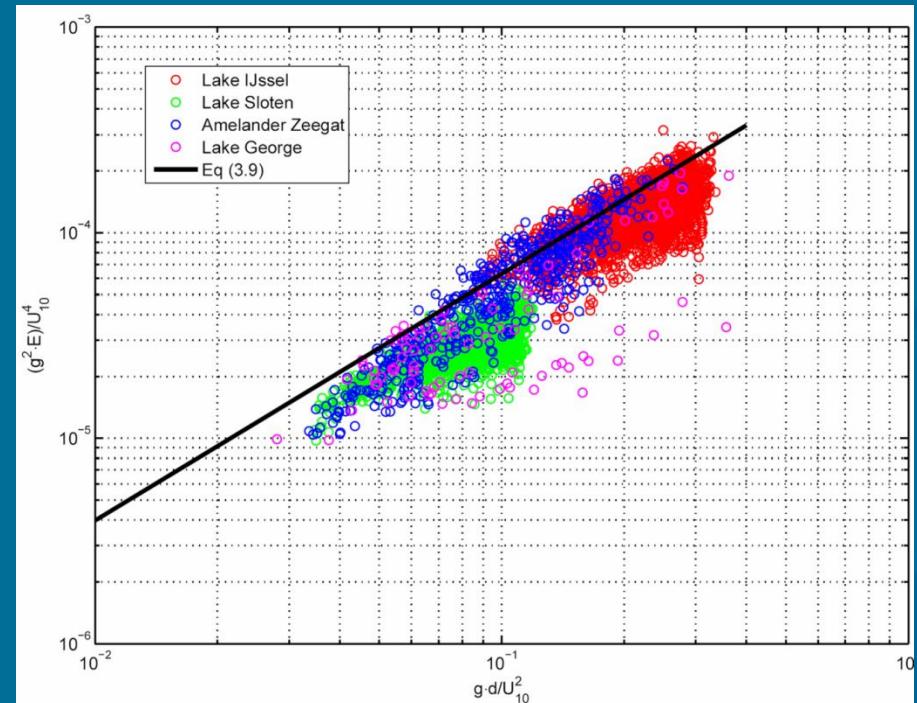
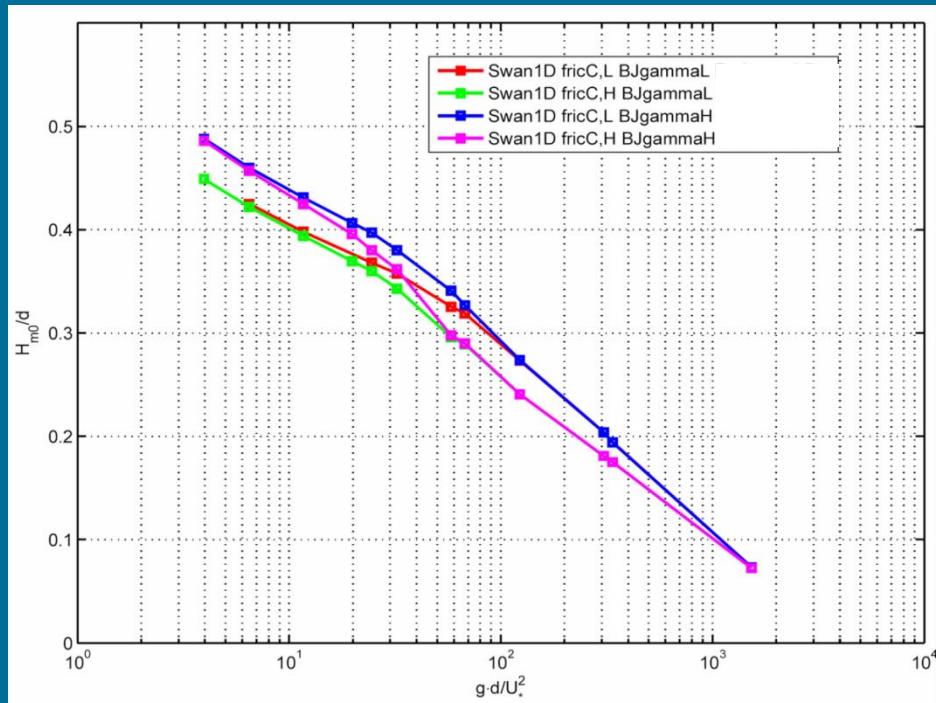
$$\frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial t} = c_\sigma = \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial d} \left[ \frac{\partial d}{\partial t} + \vec{U} \cdot \nabla d \right] - c_g \vec{k} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{U}}{\partial s} ,$$

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial t} = c_\theta = - \frac{1}{k} \left[ \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial d} \frac{\partial d}{\partial m} + \vec{k} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{U}}{\partial m} \right]$$

# Transition of dominance with depth



- Bottom friction dominant over intermediate depths. Depth-induced breaking dominant for smallest depths.  $H_{m0}/d$  ratio strongly dependent on value of breaker parameter.
- Wadden Sea interior comparable with conditions found in shallow lakes (Lake George, Lake IJssel, Lake Sloten)



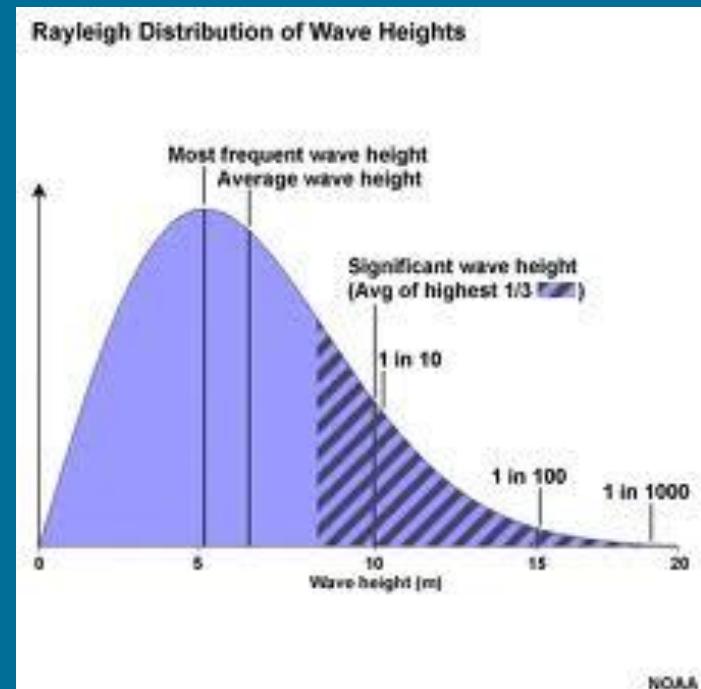


Battjes & Janssen (1978) bore-based model:

$$D_{tot} = -\frac{1}{4} \alpha_{BJ} Q_b \bar{f} H_m^2$$

$$\frac{1 - Q_b}{\ln Q_b} = -\frac{8 E_{tot}}{H_m^2}; \quad H_m = \gamma_{BJ} d$$

$$S_{brk} = D_{tot} \frac{E(\sigma, \theta)}{E_{tot}}$$



# Depth-induced breaking (2)



From Thornton & Guza (1983):

$$D_{tot} = -\frac{B^3}{4} \frac{f_{m01}}{d} \int_0^\infty H^3 p_b(H) dH$$

$$p_b(H) = W(H) p(H)$$

Introduce a biphasic-dependent weighting function on the pdf:

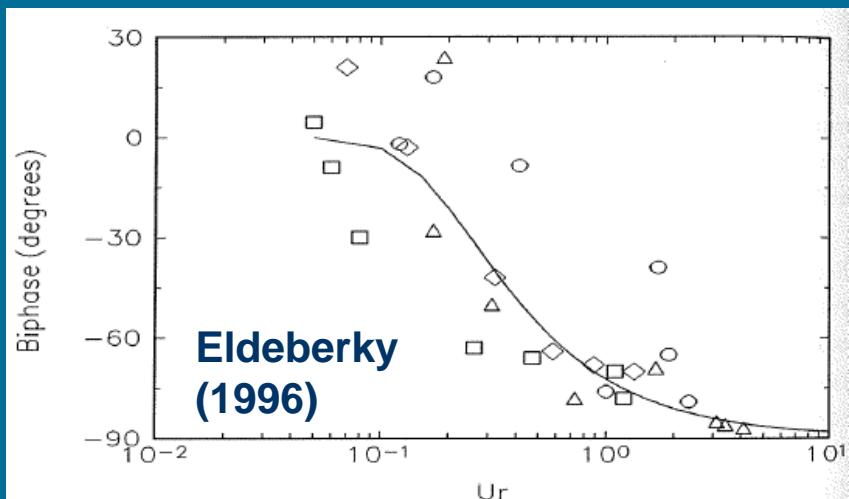
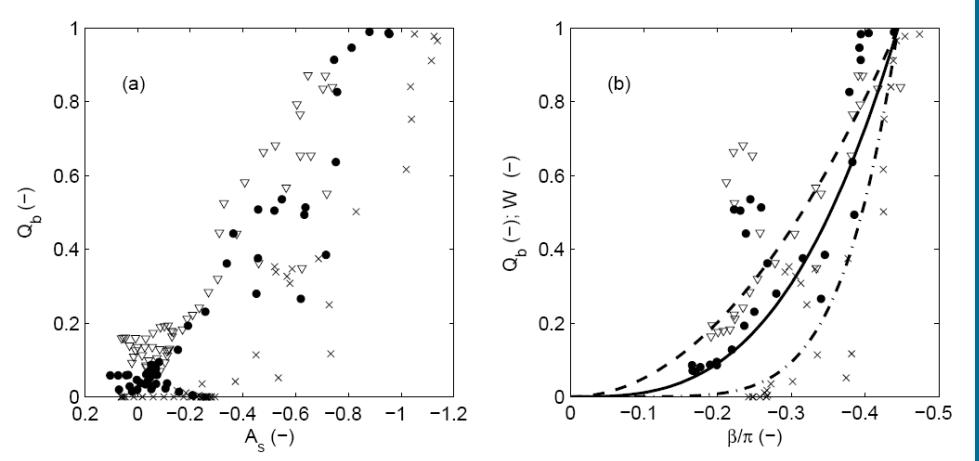
$$W(H) = \left( \frac{\beta}{\beta_{ref}} \right)^n , \quad \beta_{ref} = -\frac{4\pi}{9}$$

$$n = 4 - \frac{4}{\pi} \arctan \left[ \nu \left( S_{loc} - \tilde{S}_{loc} \right) \right]$$

$$D_{tot} = \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}}{16} \frac{B^3 f_{m01}}{d} \left( \frac{\beta}{\beta_{ref}} \right)^n H_{rms}^3$$

(Van der Westhuysen, 2009; 2010)

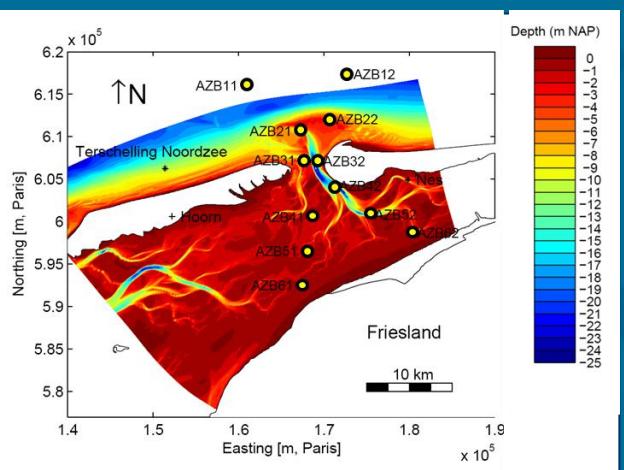
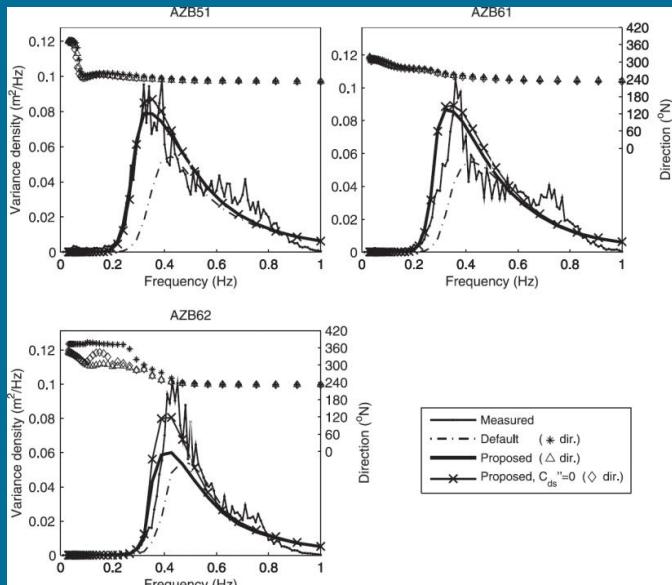
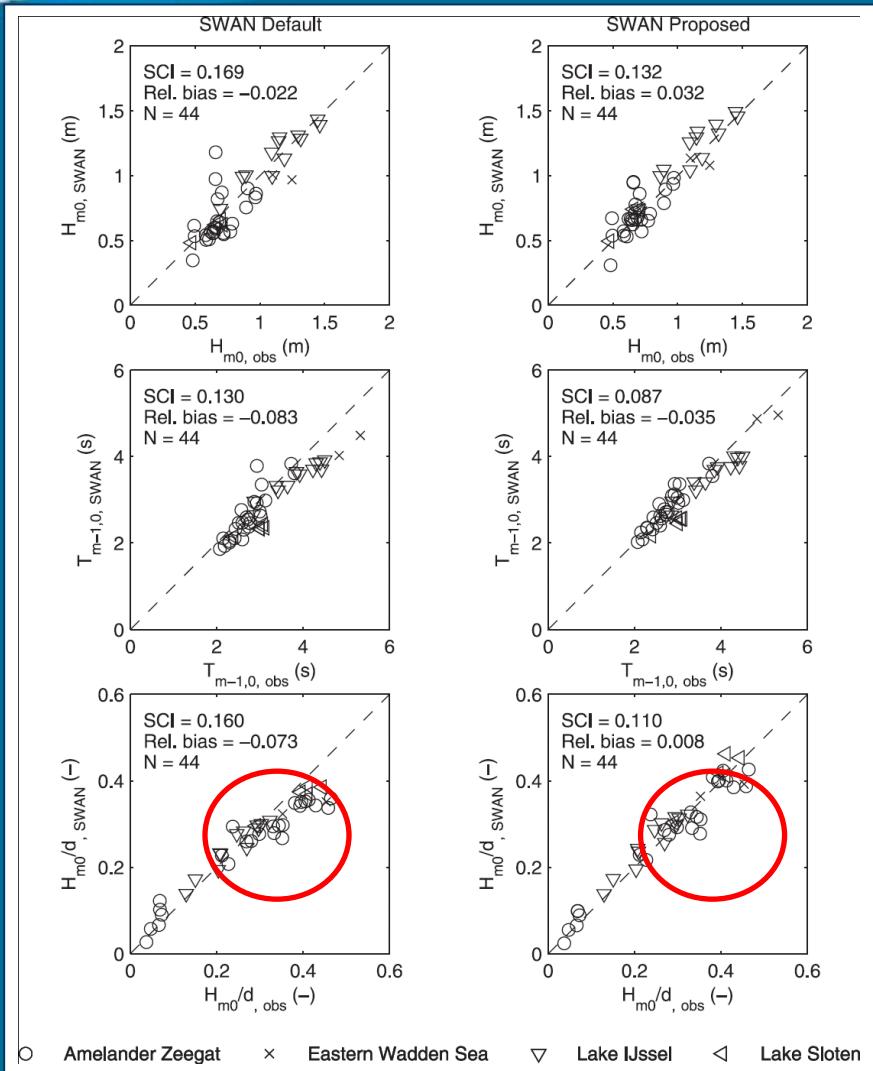
Boers (1996):



# Depth-induced breaking (3)



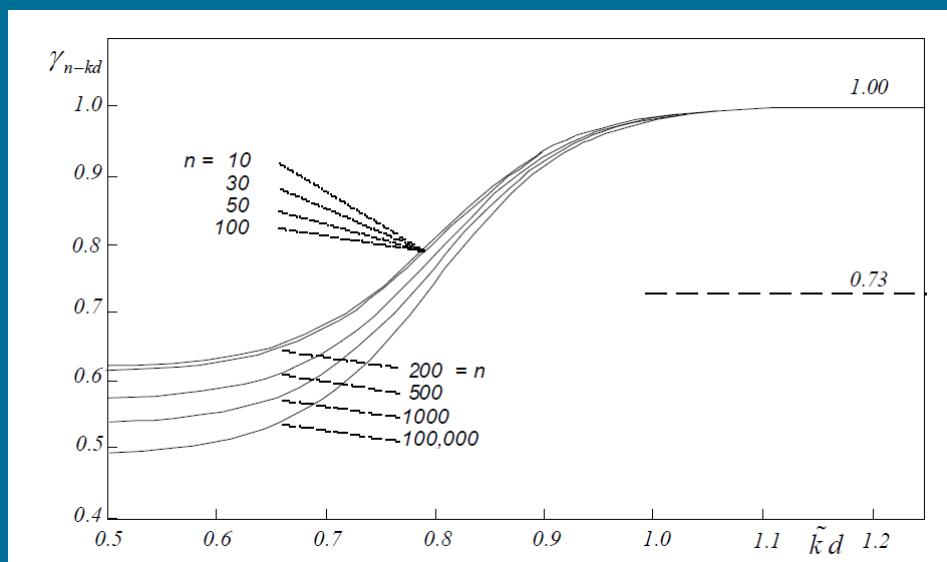
Amelander Zeegat (18/01/07, 12:20)



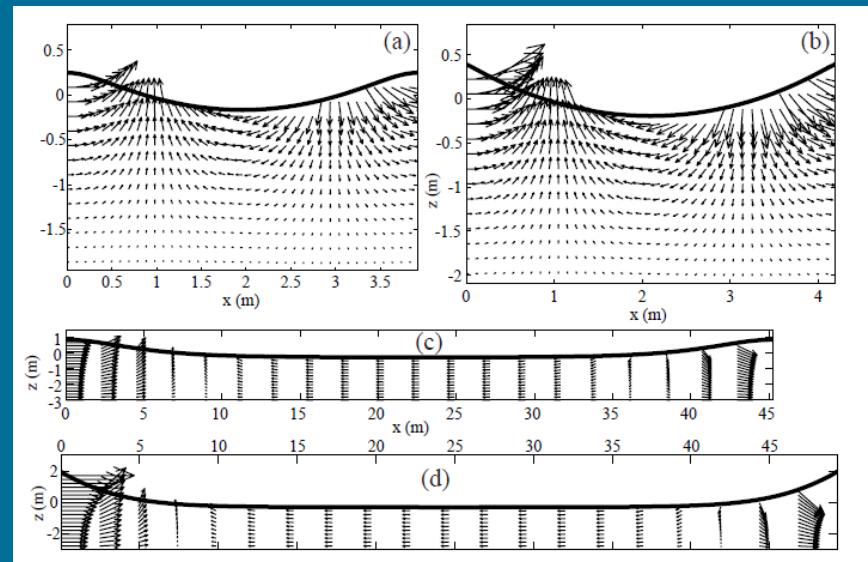
# Depth-induced breaking (4)



1. Additional influence of mean bed slope,  $1/n$  (Salmon and Holthuijsen 2011).
2. Unification of depth-induced and deep water breaking dissipation (whitecapping) terms, based on nonlinearity (Fillipot et al. 2010).



(Salmon and Holtuijen, 2011)



(Fillipot et al., 2010)



Hydrodynamic friction model:

$$S_{bot}(\sigma, \theta) = -C_{bottom} \frac{\sigma^2}{g^2 \sinh^2(kd)} E(\sigma, \theta)$$

Empirical (e.g. Hasselmann et al. 1973):

Drag law (e.g. Hasselmann and Collins 1968; Collins 1972):

Eddy viscosity (e.g. Madsen et al. 1988):

$$C_{bottom} = \text{const}$$

$$C_{bottom} = f_w g U_{rms}, \quad f_w = \text{const}$$

$$C_{bottom} = f_w g U_{rms} / \sqrt{2}, \quad f_w = f(k_N)$$

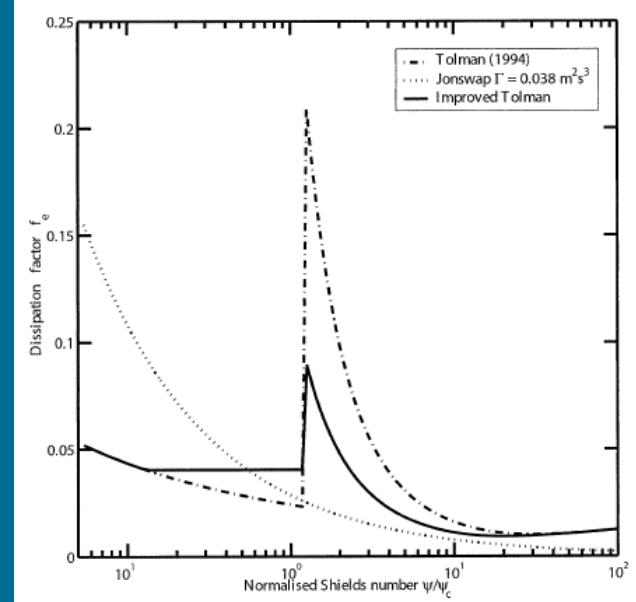
with  $f_w = f(k_N, a_b)$  given by Jonsson (1966, 1980) and Jonsson and Carlsen (1976)

## Bottom friction (2): movable bed



### Movable bed roughness models:

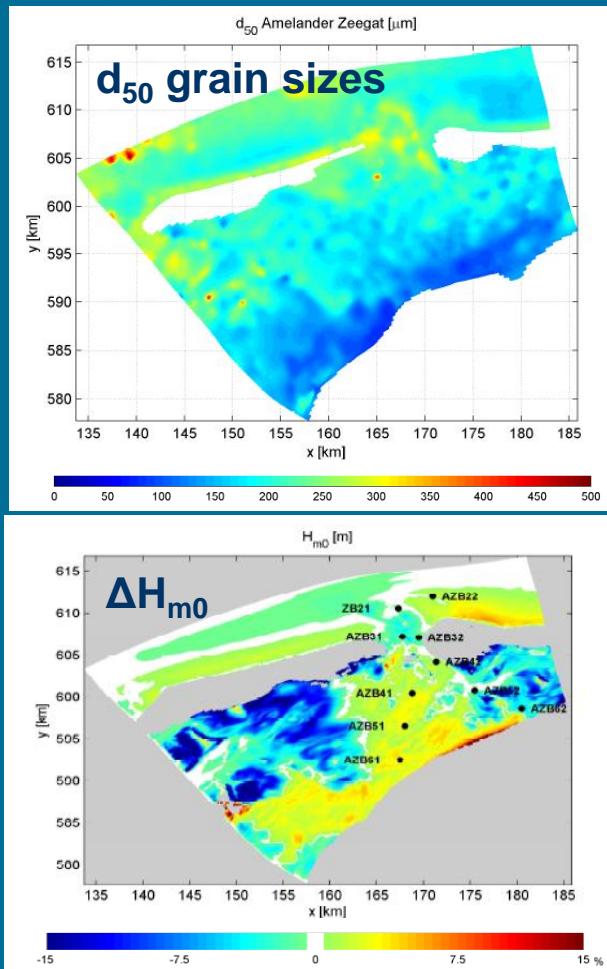
- Shemdin et al. (1978):  $k_N$  can vary from sand grain roughness to ripple roughness
  - Grant and Madsen (1982): ripple model for monochromatic waves
  - Nielsen (1992) and Van Rijn (2007): ripple models for irregular waves
1. Graber and Madsen (1988): implementation of GM82 in monochromatic wave model
  2. Tolman (1994, 1995): implementation of MPG88 + modified GM82 in WW2
  3. Ardhuin et al. (2003a,b): implementation of modified T94 in CREST
  4. Smith (2011): implementation of Nielsen in SWAN



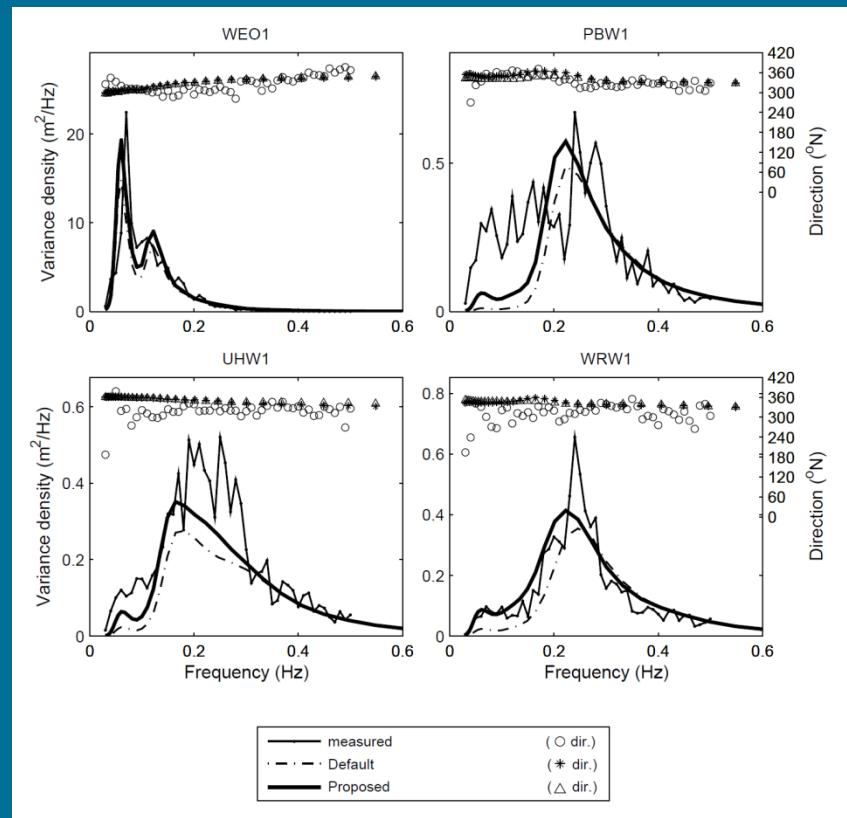
Ardhuin et al. (2003)

## Bottom friction (3)

MPG88+V. Rijn (2007) vs.  $C_{\text{bot}} = 0.067 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^3$



$C_{\text{bottom}} = 0.038 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^3$  vs.  $0.067 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^3$



(Van der Westhuysen et al. 2012;  
Zijlema et al. 2012)



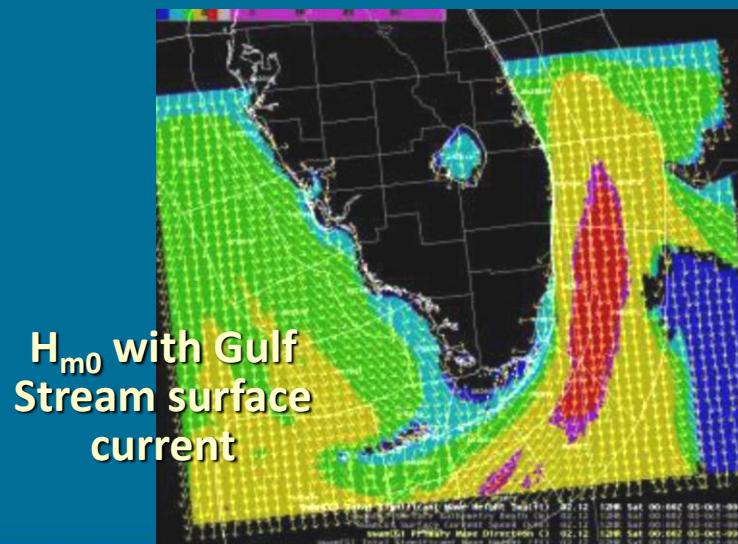
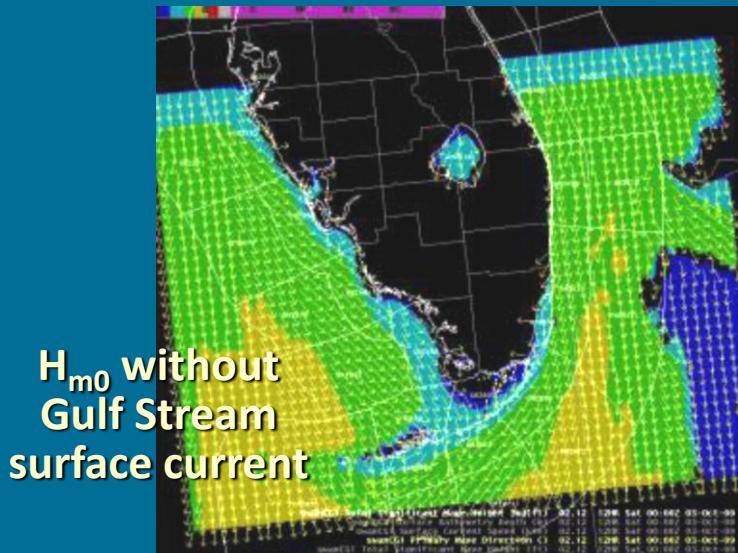
## Wave kinematics (linear):

$$\frac{d\vec{x}}{dt} = \vec{c}_g + \vec{U} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + \frac{2kd}{\sinh 2kd} \right] \frac{\sigma \vec{k}}{k^2} + \vec{U}$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = c_\theta = -\frac{1}{k} \left[ \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial d} \frac{\partial d}{\partial m} + \vec{k} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{U}}{\partial m} \right]$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dt} = c_\sigma = \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial d} \left[ \frac{\partial d}{\partial t} + \vec{U} \cdot \nabla d \right] - c_g \vec{k} \cdot \frac{\partial \vec{U}}{\partial s}$$

$$\omega = \pm [gk \tanh(kd)]^{1/2} + \vec{k} \cdot \vec{U}$$





## Enhanced dissipation under current gradients (partial blocking):

$$S_{diss,cur}(\sigma, \theta) = -C''_{ds} \max\left[\frac{c_\sigma(\sigma, \theta)}{\sigma}, 0\right] \left[\frac{B(k)}{B_r}\right]^{p/2} E(\sigma, \theta) ,$$

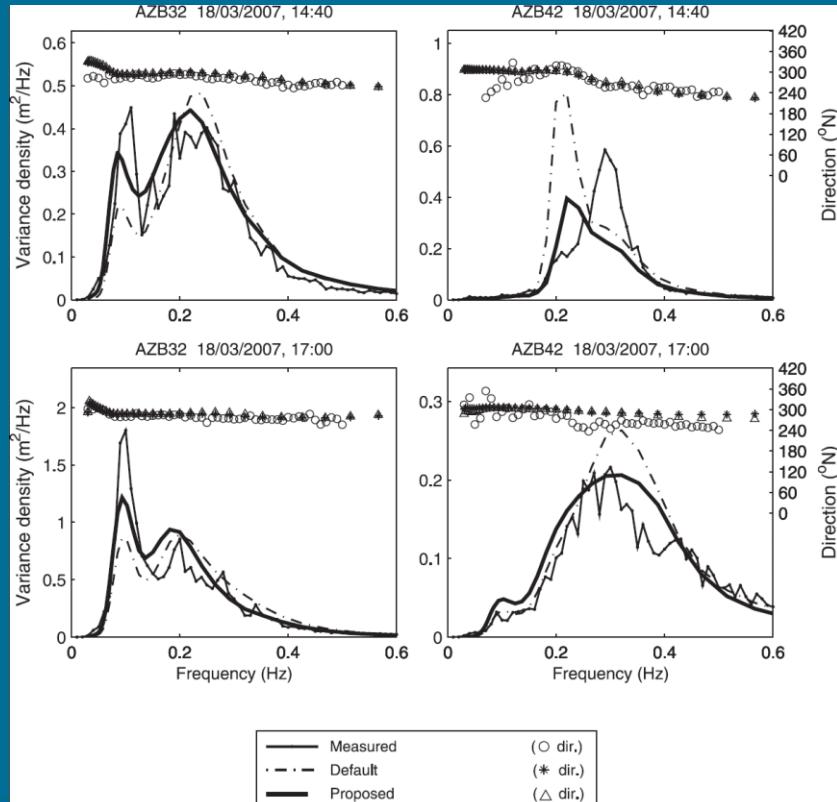


$$S_{diss} = S_{wc} + S_{diss,cur}$$

$$\frac{dS^*}{dt} / S^* \propto \frac{d\sigma}{dt} / \sigma = \frac{c_\sigma}{\sigma}$$

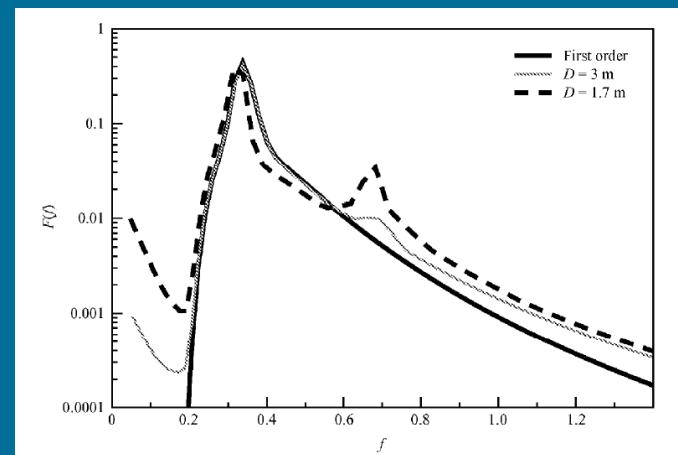
- Isolates steepening effect due to currents
- Valid for partial blocking situations
- Negative gradients in both opposing and following currents. Observed by Babanin et al. (2011).

(Van der Westhuyzen 2012b)





1. Willebrand (1975): Nonlinear corrections to radiation transfer equation, including ambient current
  - a) Generalization of group velocity for nonlinear waves
  - b) Refraction due to wave field inhomogeneity
  - c) Higher-order correction to radiation stress effects
2. Janssen (2009): Second-order corrections to the linear wave spectrum, valid for  $kD > 1$ 
  - a) Stokes frequency correction  
(as observed by Babanin et al. 2011)
  - b) Forces subharmonic and first super-harmonic
  - c) Tail level correction





Cascade of stochastic equations:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \zeta_p = ik_p \zeta_p + i \sum_{n+m=p} W_{nm} \zeta_n \zeta_m$$

$$d_x \langle \zeta \zeta \rangle = \langle \zeta \zeta \rangle + \langle \zeta \zeta \zeta \rangle^c$$

$$d_x \langle \zeta \zeta \zeta \rangle = \langle \zeta \zeta \zeta \rangle + \langle \zeta \zeta \rangle \langle \zeta \zeta \rangle + \langle \zeta \zeta \zeta \zeta \rangle^c$$

⋮

(T.T. Janssen 2006)

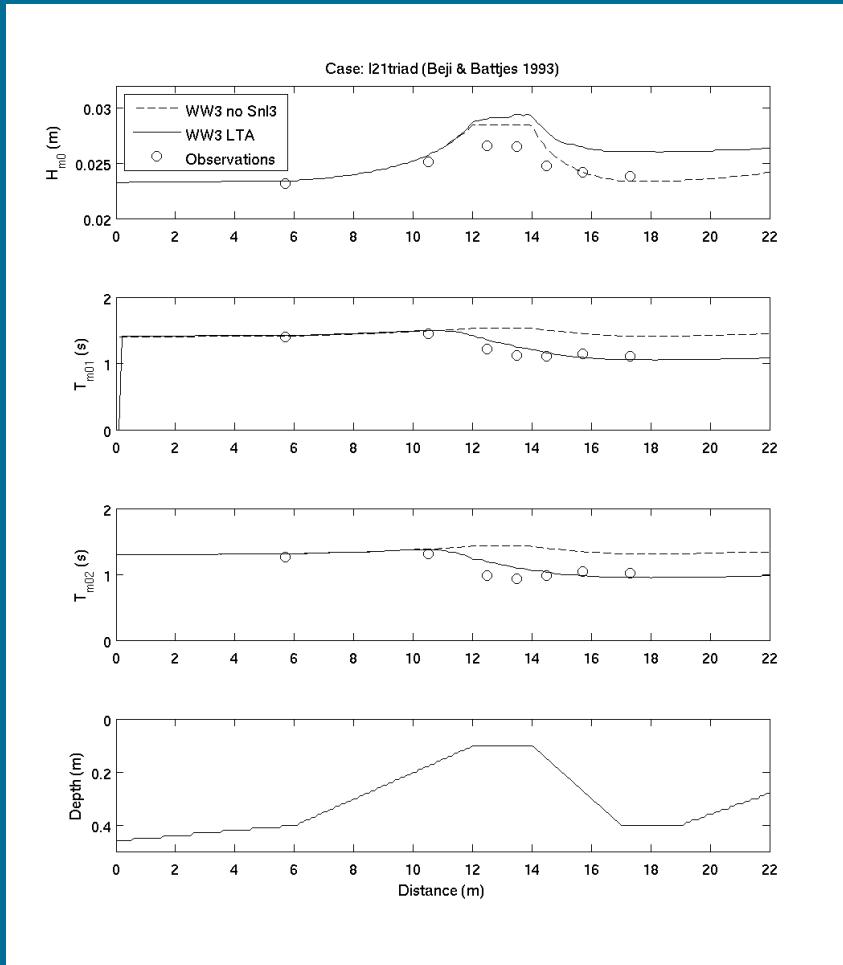
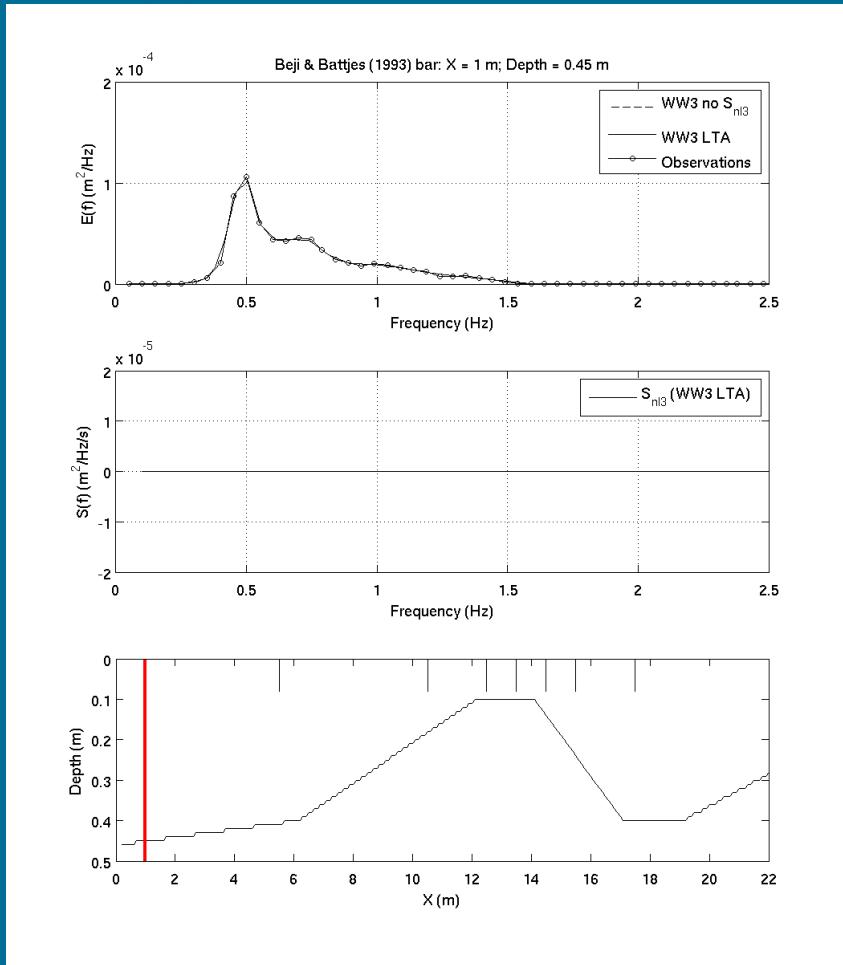
Distinctions:

- Deterministic equations used: Boussinesq, full dispersion, etc.
- Closure hypothesis: quasi-normal closure, relaxation to Gaussian
- Bispectral parameterization: one- and two-equation models

# Triad (three-wave) interaction (2)



## LTA (Eldeberky 1996) – local, collinear, self-sum model





LTA (Eldeberky 1996) – local, collinear, self-sum model

$$S_{nl3}^+(\sigma, \theta) = \max \left( 0, \alpha_{EB} 2\pi c_{g,\sigma} J^2 |\sin(\beta)| \left[ \frac{\sigma}{k_\sigma} E^2(\sigma/2, \theta) - 2 \frac{\sigma/2}{k_{\sigma/2}} E(\sigma/2, \theta) E(\sigma, \theta) \right] \right) ,$$

$$S_{nl3}^-(\sigma, \theta) = -2 S_{nl3}^+(\sigma, \theta)$$

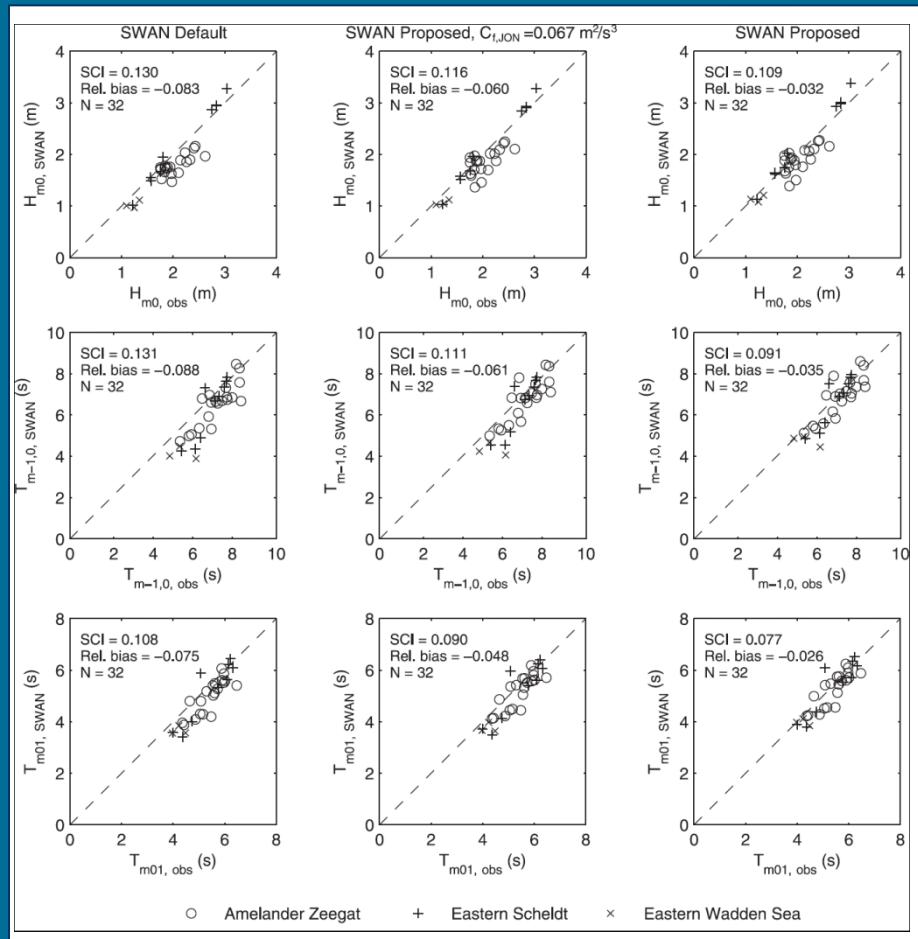
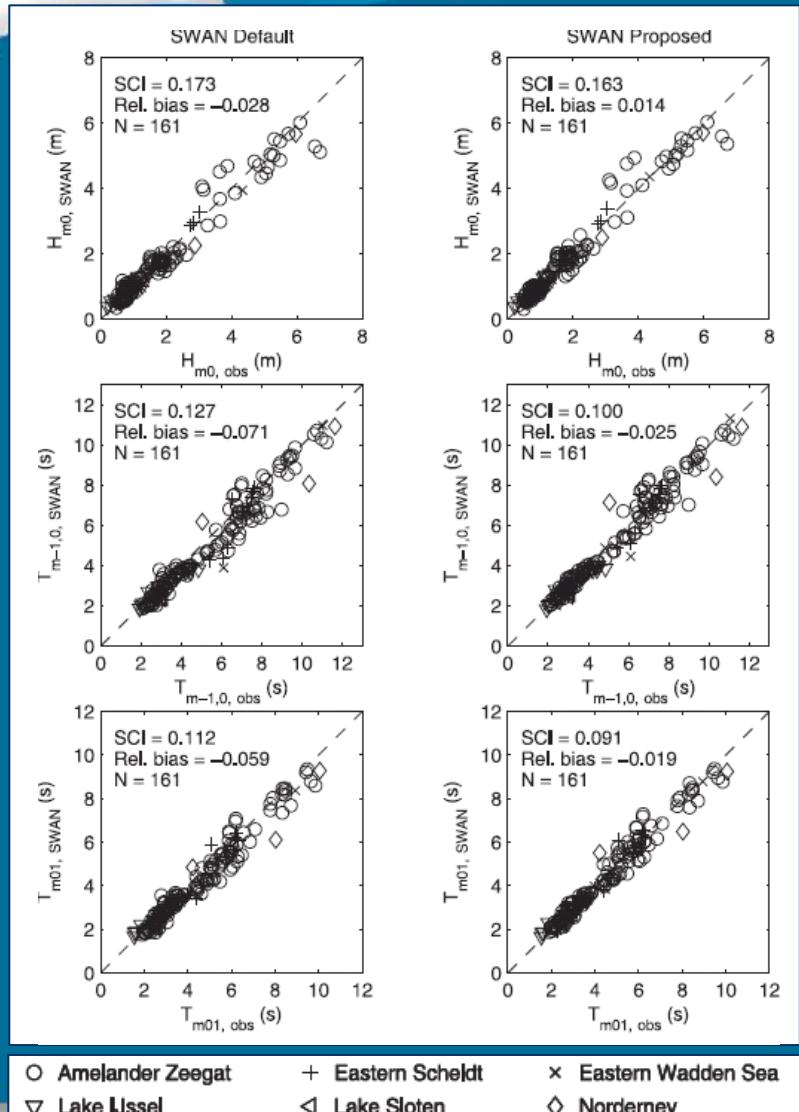
T.T. Janssen (2006) – two-equation model, parallel contours

$$\frac{d\xi_1^1}{dx} = -D_1 \xi_1^1 - 2 \sum_{\nu 2} W_{(1-2)2}^{(1-2)2} \operatorname{Im} [C_{(1-2)2}^{(1-2)2}] \Delta \sigma \Delta \lambda , \quad \text{where} \quad \xi_i^j(x) = c_g^{\text{lin}}(\sigma_i, x) E(\sigma_i, \lambda_j, x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dC_{12}^{12}}{dx} &= i (\Lambda_{12}^{12} + i \mu_{12}^{12}) C_{12}^{12} - \frac{1}{2} (D_1 + D_2 + D_{(1+2)}) C_{12}^{12} \\ &\quad + 2i \left[ W_{(1+2)(-2)}^{(1+2)(-2)} \xi_2^2 \xi_{(1+2)}^{(1+2)} + W_{(1+2)(-1)}^{(1+2)(-1)} \xi_1^1 \xi_{(1+2)}^{(1+2)} + W_{12}^{12} \xi_1^1 \xi_2^2 \right] \end{aligned}$$

- Transport equation for the spatial cross-correlations in the wave field. Developed for inhomogenous Gaussian wave fields (Smit and Janssen 2011). To be extended to transport equation of three-wave correlations (bispectrum), see Waves NOPP.
- New one-point closure approximation under development, see Waves NOPP

# Overall comparison

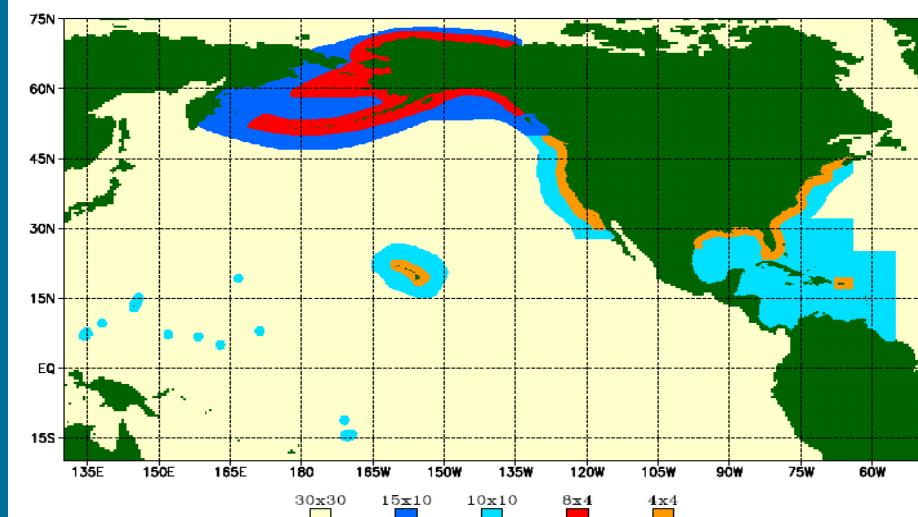




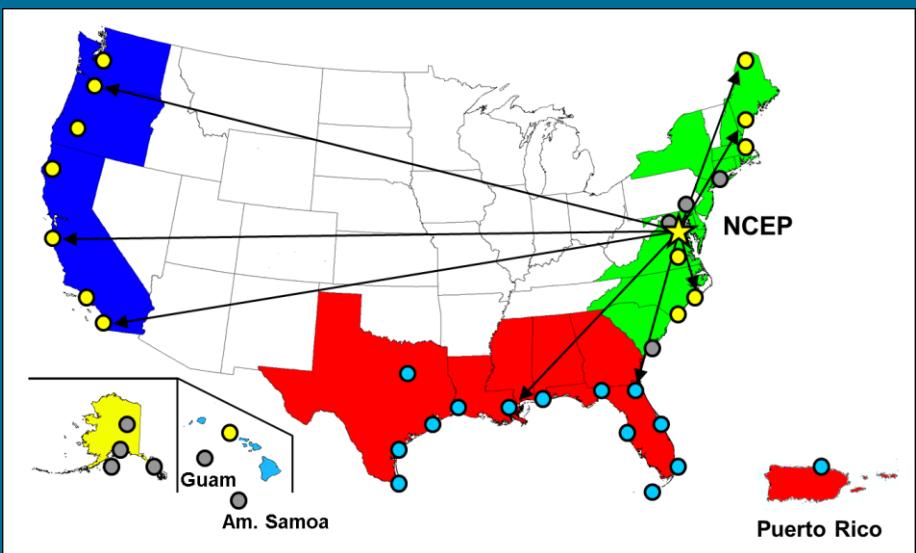
1. Coastal reflection (Benoit, 1996; Booij et al. 1999; Ardhuin and Roland 2012)
2. Phase-decoupled diffraction (Holthuijsen et al. 2003; Toledo et al. 2012)
3. Topographic scattering (Bragg forward and back scattering): (Hasselmann 1966; Ardhuin and Herbers 2002).
4. Mud interaction (e.g. Gade 1958; Ng 2000; Rogers and Holland 2008; Kranenburg et al. 2011)
5. Vegetation dissipation (e.g. Mendez and Losada 2004; Suzuki et al. 2011)
6. Phase resolving modeling (e.g. Boussinesq, non-hydrostatic, surf beat models)



## Current WW3 global grid mosaic (max res = 4 arc-min)



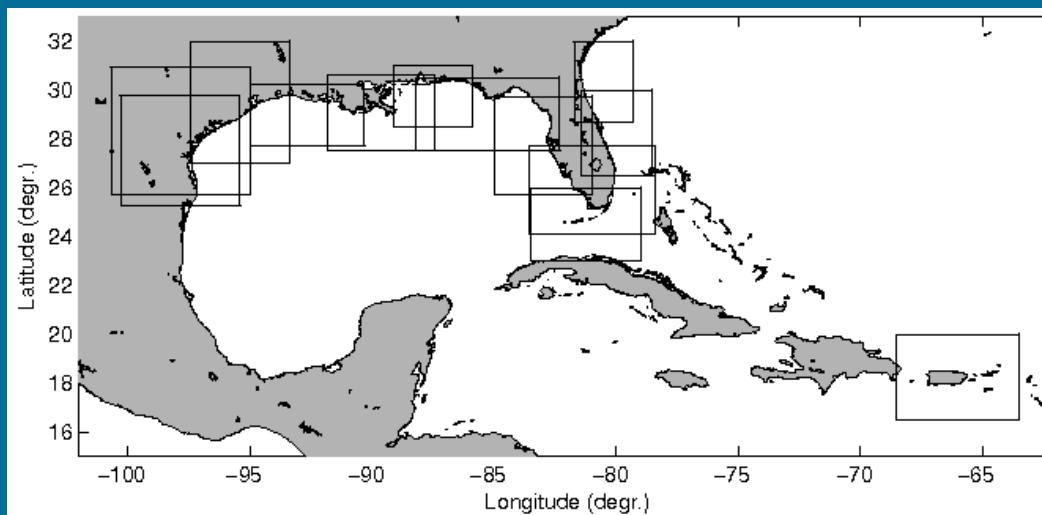
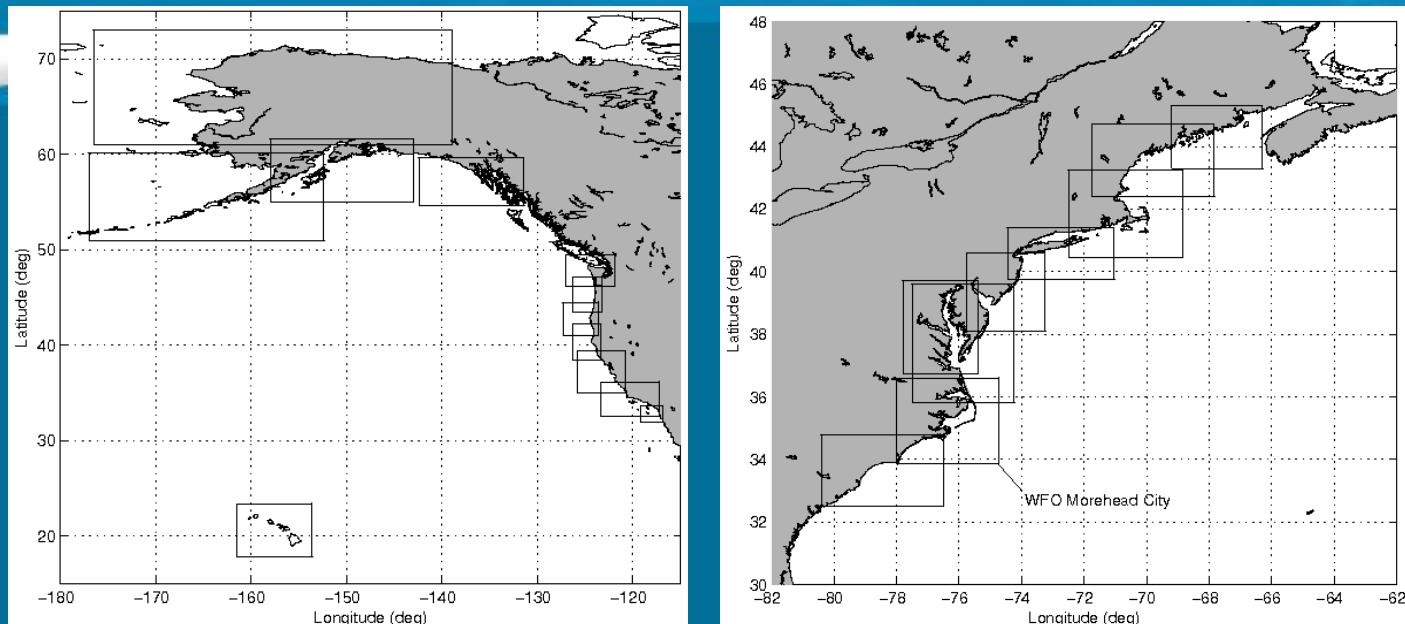
## Distributed nearshore modeling



- Centrally supported by NCEP, but runs locally at WFOs.
- Produces high-resolution wave and inundation guidance in the nearshore.
- Driven by forecaster-developed winds from GFE, WW3 BCs and RTOFS/ESTOFS.
- To be included in the AWIPS II baseline -> National roll-out FY13Q4.

# Nearshore Wave Prediction System

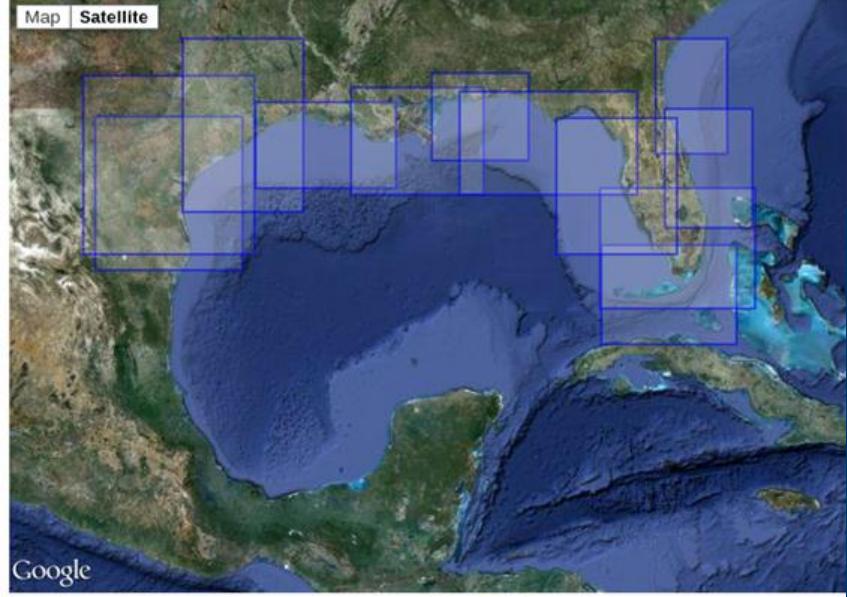
(Van der Westhuysen et al. 2013)



# Nearshore Wave Prediction System (2)



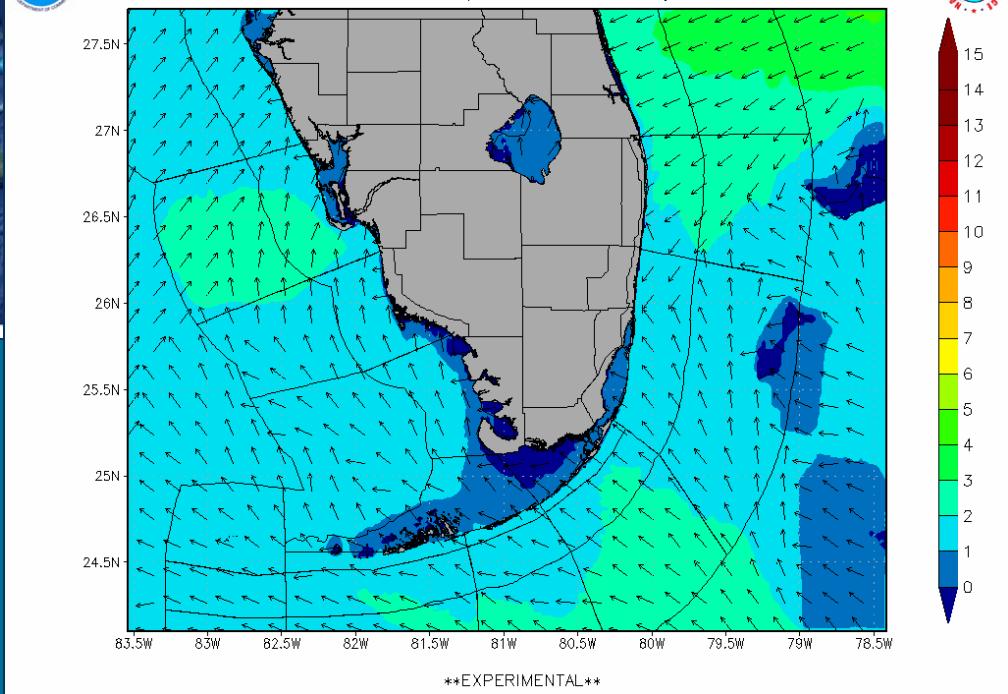
## Southern Region



Loops:

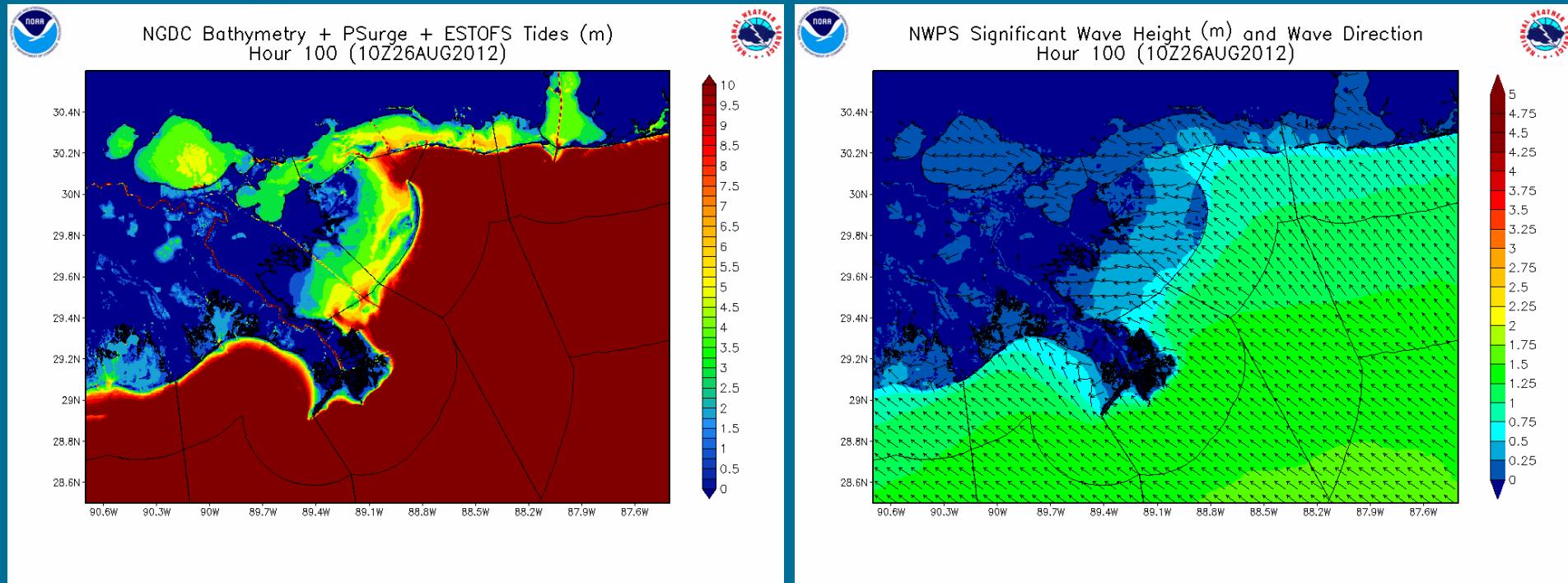


NWPS Significant Wave Height (ft) and Peak Wave Direction  
Hour 12 (18Z17MAY2012)



- WFO MFL Alpha testing site
- 1 arc-min grid, nesting down to 500 m
- 102 h forecast, 3 hourly

# Inundation example: H. Isaac (Aug 2012)



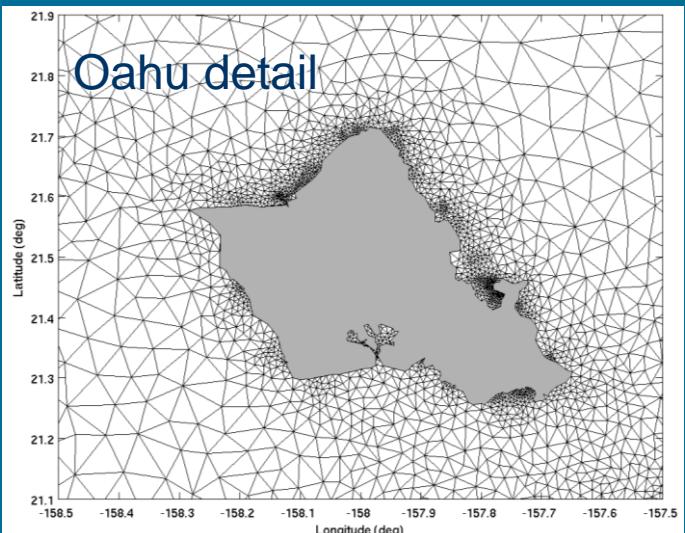
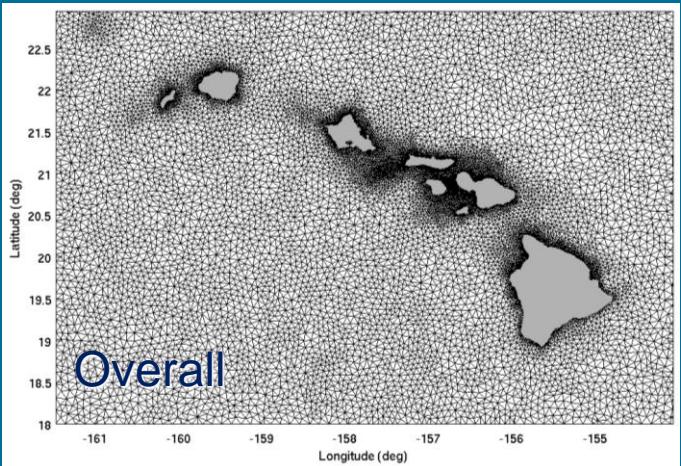
**Total water depth  
(P-Surge surge + ESTOFS tides)**

**SWAN significant wave height  
(including inundated areas)**

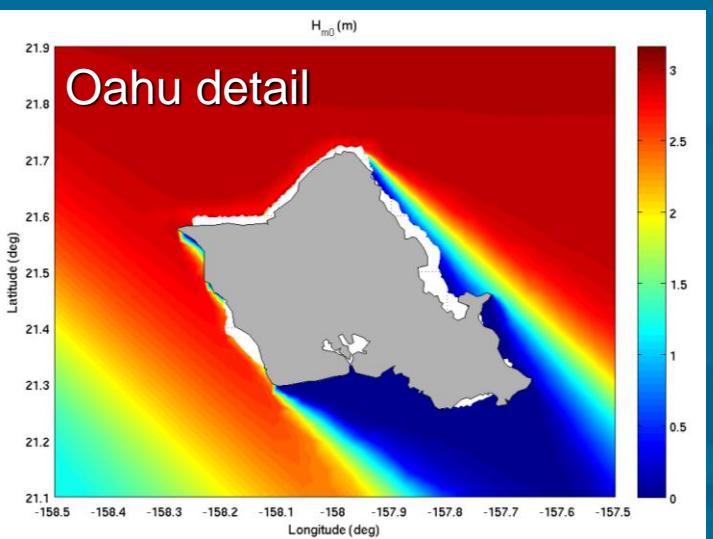
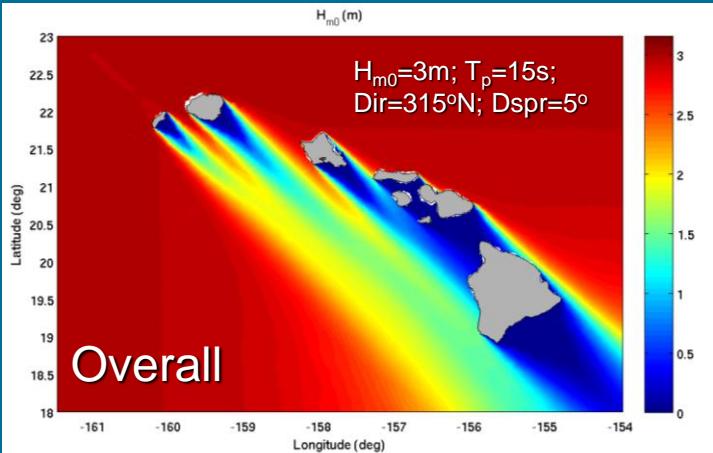
# Unstructured grid domains: WFO Hawaii



## Unstructured mesh



## Sign. wave height $H_{m0}$





1. Depth-induced breaking: inclusion of nonlinearity and bed slope
2. Bottom friction and movable bed models
3. Wave-current interaction and nonlinear corrections
4. Three-wave interactions: one- and two-equation models
5. Other: coastal reflection, phase-decoupled diffraction, topographic scattering, mud, vegetation, phase-resolving approaches
6. Multi-scale modeling: high-resolution nearshore prediction systems

→ *For more information, see Van der Westhuysen (2012a)*



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End of lecture

